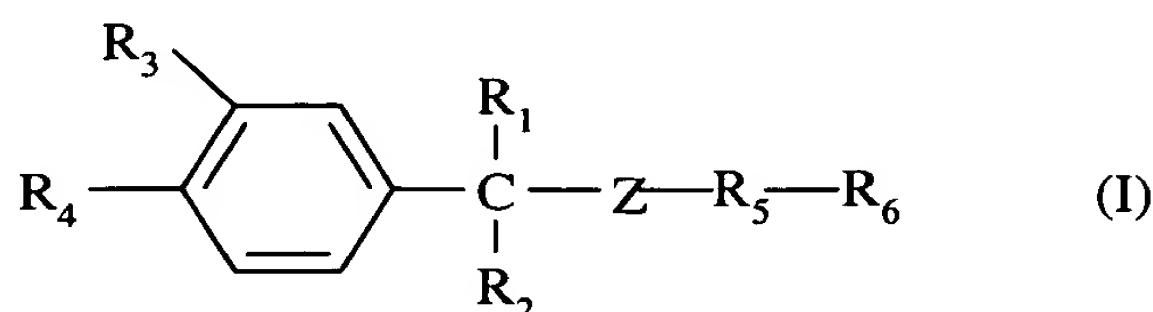


**Amendments to the Claims:**

1. (*Currently Amended*) A radically polymerisable composition, characterised in that it comprises:

(1) at least one monofunctional monomer having the formula (I) below:

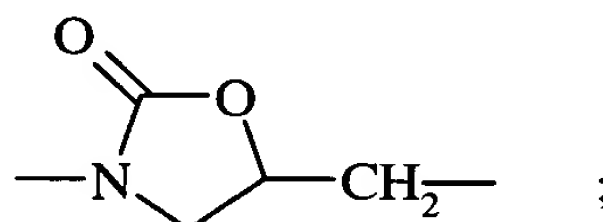


in which:

R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub>, which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen or an alkyl radical, which is linear or branched and comprises 1 to 4 carbon atoms;

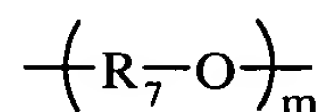
R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub>, which are different, independently are one hydrogen and the other an alkenyl radical comprising 2 to 6 carbon atoms;

Z represents a carbamate function (-NH-CO-O-), a thiocarbamate function (-NH-CO-S-), a urea function (-NH-CO-NR<sub>7</sub>-), in which R<sub>7</sub> represents a hydrogen or a linear, branched or cyclic alkyl group which comprises 1 to 6 carbon atoms) or an oxazolidone function:

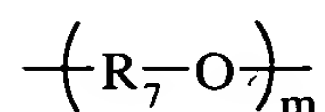


R<sub>5</sub> is selected from the group consisting of:

(i) alkylene oxide radicals and polyalkylene oxide chains of formula:

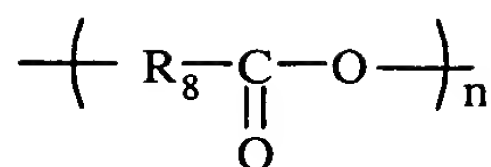


in which the R<sub>7</sub> groups, which are identical or different when m ≥ 2, are alkylene radicals which are linear or branched and which comprise 2 to 5 carbon atoms, and in which m is an integer selected such that the total number of carbon atoms of

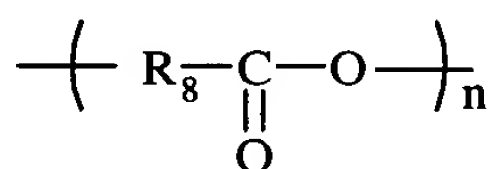


is between 2 and 112;

(ii) ester radicals and polyester chains of formula

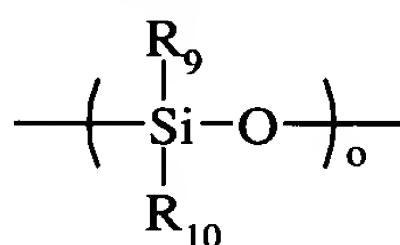


in which the  $\text{R}_8$  groups, which are identical or different when  $n \geq 2$ , are alkylene radicals which are linear or branched and which comprise 2 to 5 carbon atoms, and in which  $n$  is an integer selected such that the total number of carbon atoms of



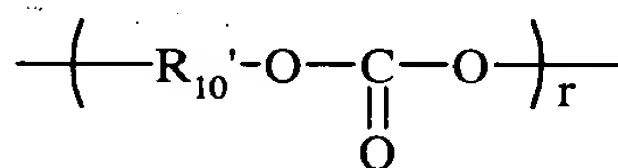
is between 2 and 168;

(iii) siloxane radicals and polysiloxane chains of formula



in which the  $\text{R}_9$  and  $\text{R}_{10}$  groups, which are independently identical or different when  $o \geq 2$ , are alkyl radicals which comprise 1 or 2 carbon atoms, and  $o$  is an integer between 1 and 18; and

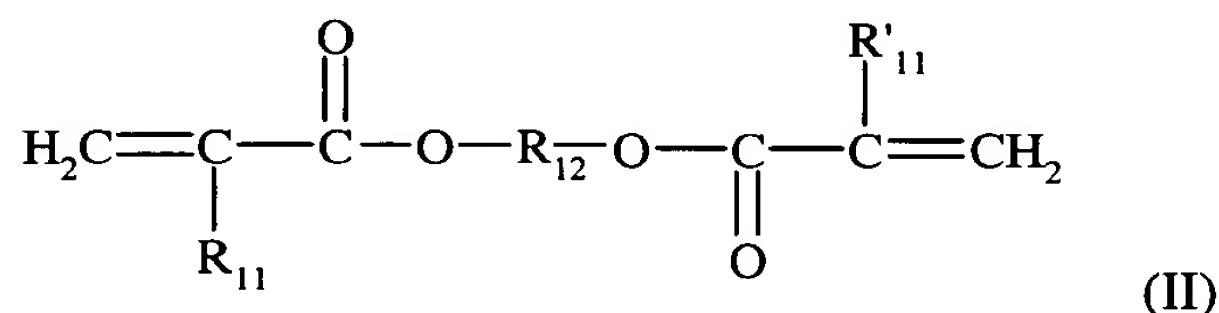
(iv) carbonate radicals and polycarbonate chains of formula



in which the  $\text{R}_{10}'$  groups, which are identical or different when  $r \geq 2$ , are alkylene radicals which are linear or branched and which comprise 1 to 5 carbon atoms, and in which  $r$  is an integer between 1 and 21; and

$\text{R}_6$  is an alkyl radical or an aryl radical; and

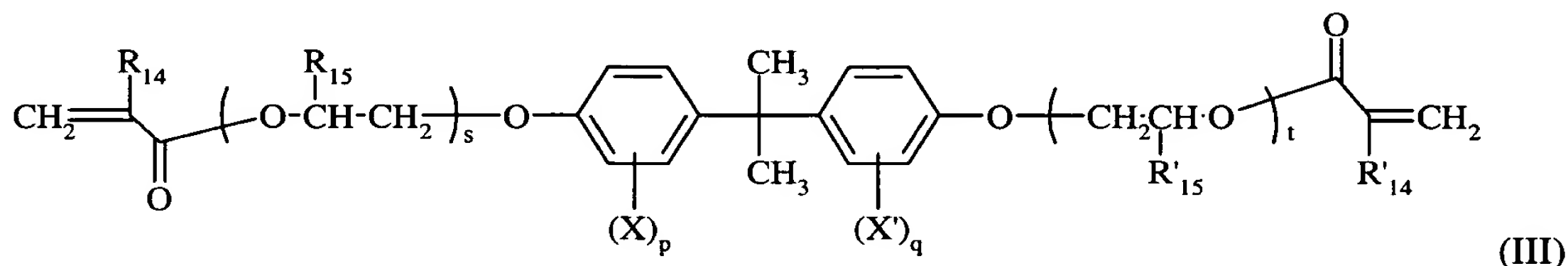
(2) at least one difunctional monomer ~~selected from those of formula (II) and formula (III) below~~ having the following formula (III), or a mixture of at least one difunctional monomer having formula (II) and at least one difunctional monomer having formula (III), below:



in which:

$\text{R}_{11}$  and  $\text{R}'_{11}$ , which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen or a methyl group;

R<sub>12</sub> is an alkylene radical which is linear or branched and which comprises 2 to 8 carbon atoms; a cycloalkylene radical comprising 3 to 6 carbon atoms; an ether radical of formula (R<sub>13</sub>-O-R<sub>13</sub>') in which R<sub>13</sub> and R<sub>13</sub>', which are identical or different, independently are an alkylene radical which is linear or branched and which comprises 2 to 4 carbon atoms;



in which:

R<sub>14</sub>, R'<sub>14</sub>, R<sub>15</sub> and R'<sub>15</sub>, which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen or a methyl group;

s and t are, independently, integers between 0 and 4 inclusive;

X and X', which are identical or different, are a halogen; and

p and q are, independently, integers between 0 and 4 inclusive.

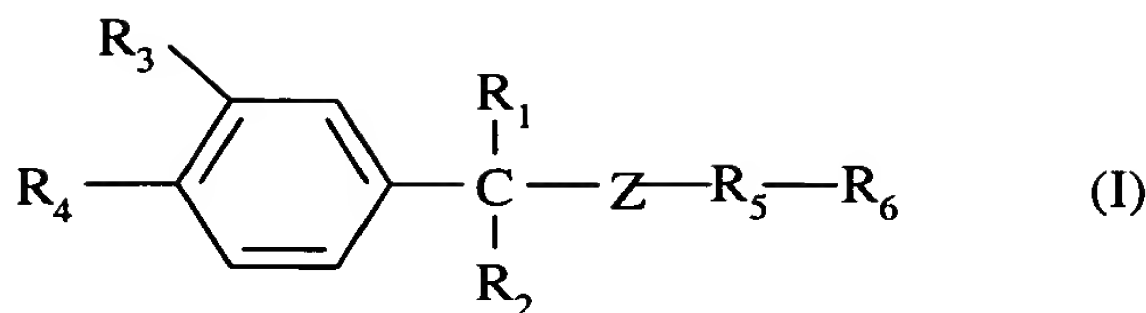
2. (Original) The composition according to claim 1, wherein said composition comprises at least one monofunctional monomer of formula (I) in which R<sub>3</sub> is an isopropenyl radical.

3. (Original) The composition according claim 1, wherein said composition comprises at least one monofunctional monomer of formula (I) in which R<sub>5</sub> represents an alkylene oxide radical or a polyalkylene oxide chain.

4. (Original) The composition according claim 2, wherein said composition comprises at least one monofunctional monomer of formula (I) in which R<sub>5</sub> represents an alkylene oxide radical or a polyalkylene oxide chain.

5. (Currently Amended) A radically polymerisable composition, characterised in that it comprises:

(1) at least one monofunctional monomer having the formula (I) below:

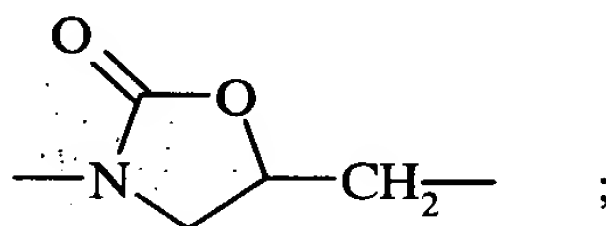


in which:

R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub>, which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen or an alkyl radical, which is linear or branched and comprises 1 to 4 carbon atoms;

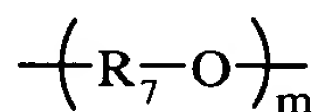
R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub>, which are different, independently are one hydrogen and the other an alkenyl radical comprising 2 to 6 carbon atoms;

Z represents a carbamate function (-NH-CO-O-), a thiocarbamate function (-NH-CO-S-), a urea function (-NH-CO-NR<sub>7</sub>-, in which R<sub>7</sub> represents a hydrogen or a linear, branched or cyclic alkyl group which comprises 1 to 6 carbon atoms) or an oxazolidone function:

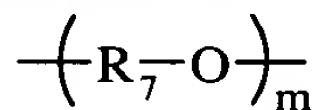


R<sub>5</sub> is selected from the group consisting of:

(i) alkylene oxide radicals and polyalkylene oxide chains of formula:

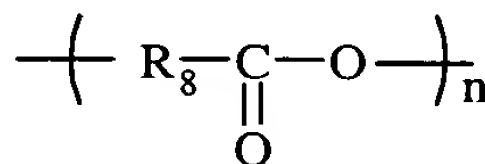


in which the R<sub>7</sub> groups, which are identical or different when m > 2, are alkylene radicals which are linear or branched and which comprise 2 to 5 carbon atoms, and in which m is an integer selected such that the total number of carbon atoms of

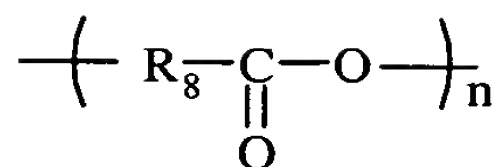


is between 2 and 112;

(ii) ester radicals and polyester chains of formula

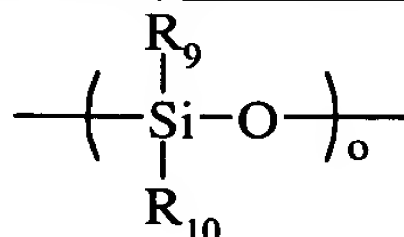


in which the R<sub>8</sub> groups, which are identical or different when n > 2, are alkylene radicals which are linear or branched and which comprise 2 to 5 carbon atoms, and in which n is an integer selected such that the total number of carbon atoms of



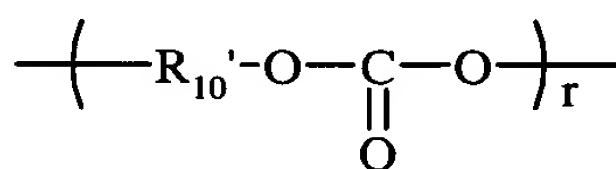
is between 2 and 168;

(iii) siloxane radicals and polysiloxane chains of formula



in which the  $\text{R}_9$  and  $\text{R}_{10}$  groups, which are independently identical or different when  $o \geq 2$ , are alkyl radicals which comprise 1 or 2 carbon atoms, and  $o$  is an integer between 1 and 18; and

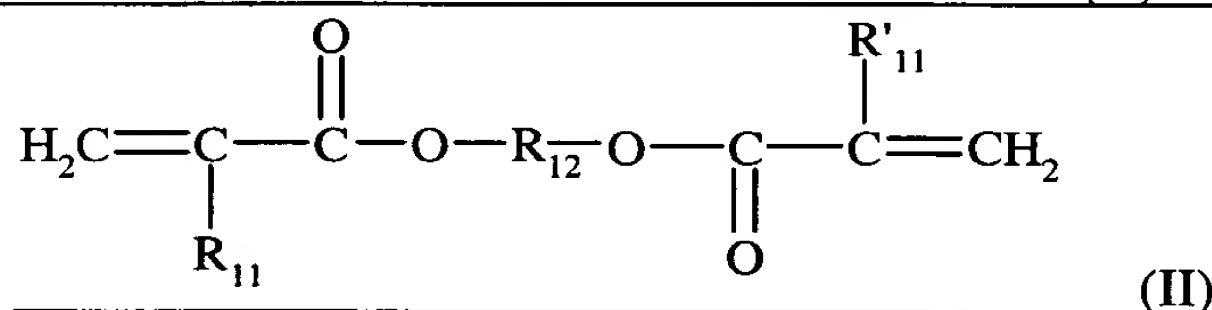
(iv) carbonate radicals and polycarbonate chains of formula



in which the  $\text{R}_{10}'$  groups, which are identical or different when  $r \geq 2$ , are alkylene radicals which are linear or branched and which comprise 1 to 5 carbon atoms, and in which  $r$  is an integer between 1 and 21; and

$\text{R}_6$  is an alkyl radical or an aryl radical;

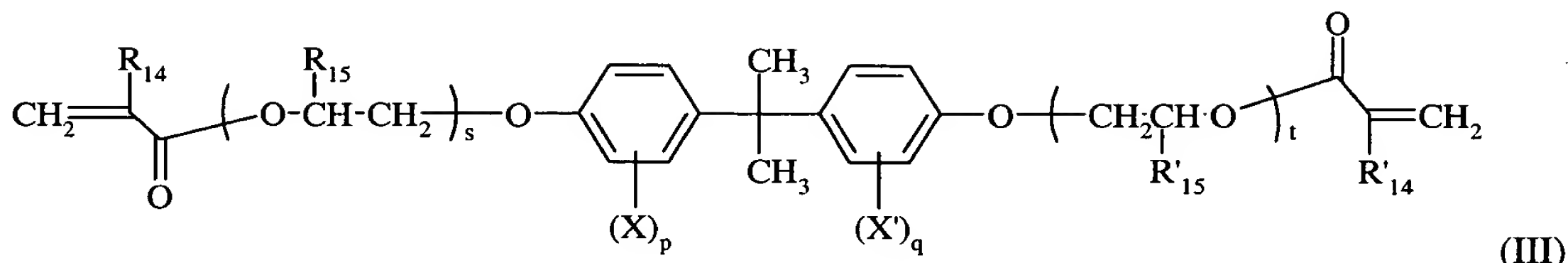
(2) at least one difunctional monomer selected from those of formula (II) and formula (III) below:



in which:

$\text{R}_{11}$  and  $\text{R}_{11}'$ , which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen or a methyl group;

$\text{R}_{12}$  is an alkylene radical which is linear or branched and which comprises 2 to 8 carbon atoms; a cycloalkylene radical comprising 3 to 6 carbon atoms; an ether radical of formula  $(\text{R}_{13}-\text{O}-\text{R}_{13}')$  in which  $\text{R}_{13}$  and  $\text{R}_{13}'$ , which are identical or different, independently are an alkylene radical which is linear or branched and which comprises 2 to 4 carbon atoms;



in which:

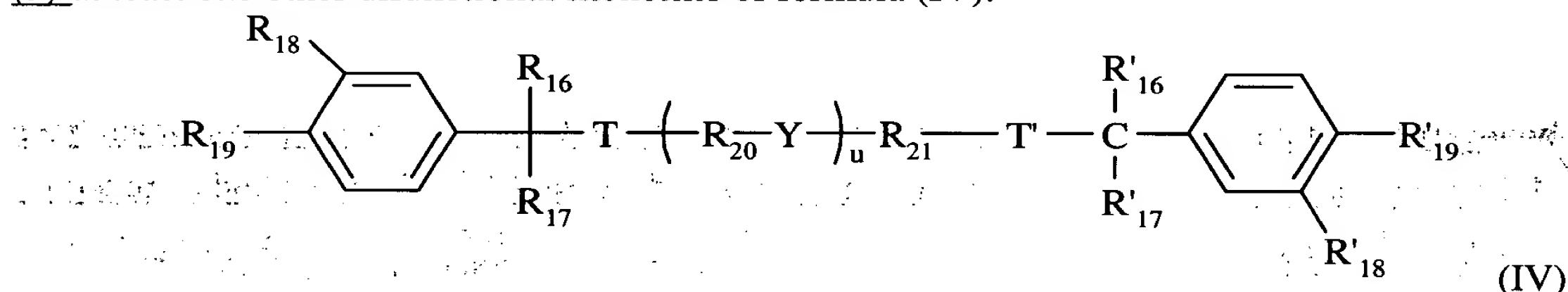
$\text{R}_{14}$ ,  $\text{R}'_{14}$ ,  $\text{R}_{15}$  and  $\text{R}'_{15}$ , which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen or a methyl group;

$s$  and  $t$  are, independently, integers between 0 and 4 inclusive;

$\text{X}$  and  $\text{X}'$ , which are identical or different, are a halogen; and

$p$  and  $q$  are, independently, integers between 0 and 4 inclusive; and

~~The composition according to claim 1, wherein said composition further comprises~~  
(3) at least one other difunctional monomer of formula (IV):



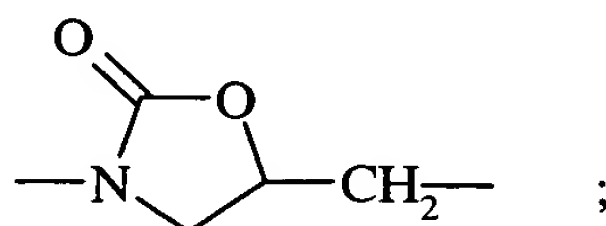
in which:

$\text{R}_{16}$ ,  $\text{R}_{17}$ ,  $\text{R}_{16}'$  and  $\text{R}_{17}'$ , which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen or an alkyl radical which is linear or branched and which comprises 1 to 4 carbon atoms;

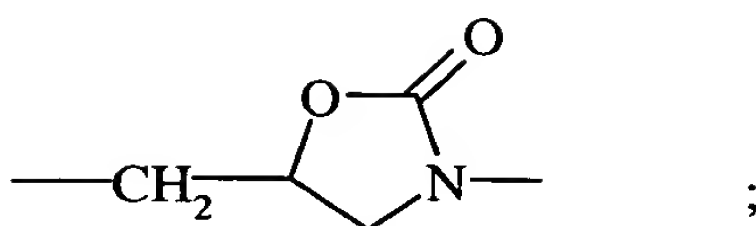
$\text{R}_{18}$  and  $\text{R}_{19}$ , which are different, independently are one hydrogen and the other an alkenyl radical comprising 2 to 6 carbon atoms;

$\text{R}_{18}'$  and  $\text{R}_{19}'$ , which are different, independently are one hydrogen and the other an alkenyl radical comprising 2 to 6 carbon atoms;

$\text{T}$  represents a carbamate function ( $-\text{NH}-\text{CO}-\text{O}-$ ), a thiocarbamate function ( $-\text{NH}-\text{CO}-\text{S}-$ ), a urea function ( $-\text{NH}-\text{CO}-\text{NH}-$ ) or an oxazolidone function:



$\text{T}'$ , independent of  $\text{T}$ , represents a carbamate function ( $-\text{O}-\text{CO}-\text{NH}-$ ), a thiocarbamate function ( $-\text{S}-\text{CO}-\text{NH}-$ ), a urea function ( $-\text{NH}-\text{CO}-\text{NH}-$ ) or an oxazolidone function:



R<sub>21</sub> represents an alkylene radical, which is linear or branched and which comprises 2 to 4 carbon atoms;

R<sub>20</sub>, which is identical or different when  $u \geq 2$ , is an alkylene radical which is linear or branched and which comprises 2 to 4 carbon atoms;

Y, which is identical or different when  $u \geq 2$ , is oxygen or sulphur; and

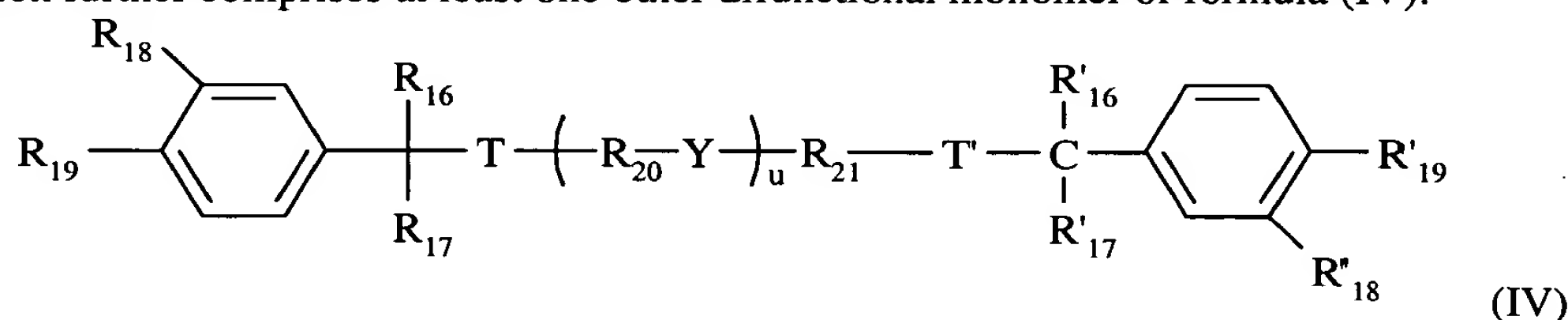
u is an integer selected such that the total number of carbon atoms contained in the long chain situated between the two units T and T' is equal to at least 18.

6. (Previously Presented) The composition according to claim 5, wherein at least one of R<sub>18</sub>, R<sub>18</sub>', R<sub>19</sub> and R<sub>19</sub>' is an isopropenyl radical.

7. (Previously Presented) The composition according to claim 5, wherein R<sub>18</sub> = R<sub>18</sub>' and R<sub>19</sub> = R<sub>19</sub>'.

8. (Previously Presented) The composition according to claim 5, wherein u is an integer selected such that the total number of carbon atoms contained in the long chain situated between the two units T and T' is between 18 and 112 inclusive.

9. (Previously Presented) The composition according to claim 2, wherein said composition further comprises at least one other difunctional monomer of formula (IV):



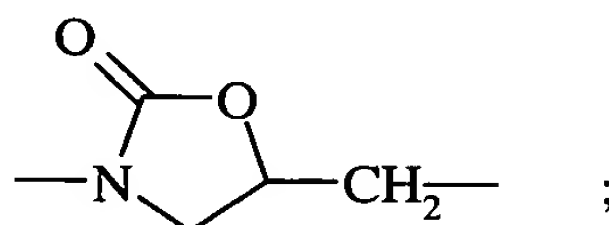
in which:

R<sub>16</sub>, R<sub>17</sub>, R<sub>16</sub>' and R<sub>17</sub>', which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen or an alkyl radical which is linear or branched and which comprises 1 to 4 carbon atoms;

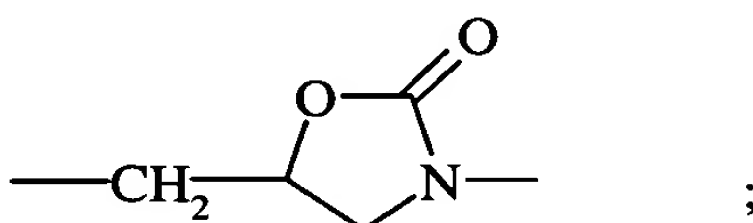
R<sub>18</sub> and R<sub>19</sub>, which are different, independently are one hydrogen and the other an alkenyl radical comprising 2 to 6 carbon atoms;

R<sub>18</sub>' and R<sub>19</sub>', which are different, independently are one hydrogen and the other an alkenyl radical comprising 2 to 6 carbon atoms;

T represents a carbamate function (-NH-CO-O-), a thiocarbamate function (-NH-CO-S-), a urea function (-NH-CO-NH-) or an oxazolidone function:



T', independent of T, represents a carbamate function (-O-CO-NH-), a thiocarbamate function (-S-CO-NH-), a urea function (-NH-CO-NH-) or an oxazolidone function:



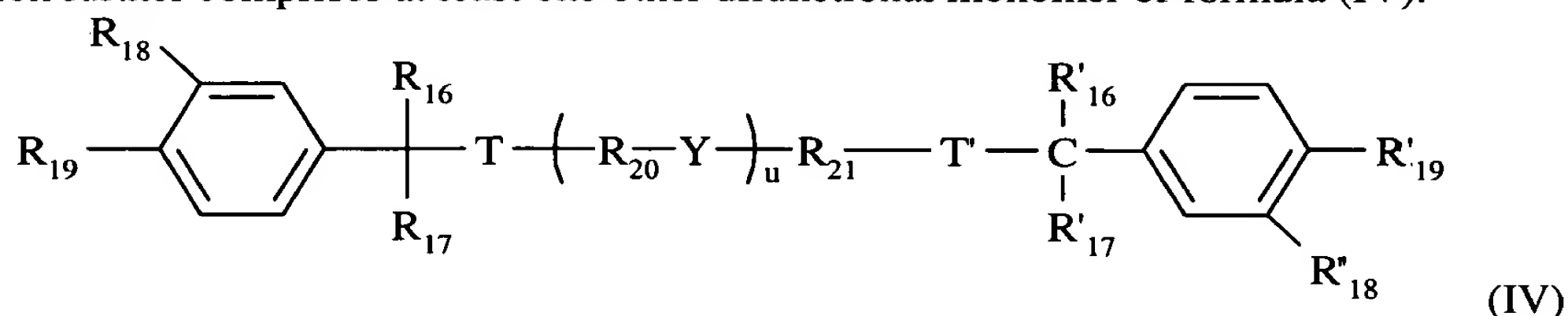
R<sub>21</sub> represents an alkylene radical, which is linear or branched and which comprises 2 to 4 carbon atoms;

R<sub>20</sub>, which is identical or different when u ≥ 2, is an alkylene radical which is linear or branched and which comprises 2 to 4 carbon atoms;

Y, which is identical or different when u ≥ 2, is oxygen or sulphur; and

u is an integer selected such that the total number of carbon atoms contained in the long chain situated between the two units T and T' is equal to at least 18.

10. (Previously Presented) The composition according to claim 3, wherein said composition further comprises at least one other difunctional monomer of formula (IV):



in which:

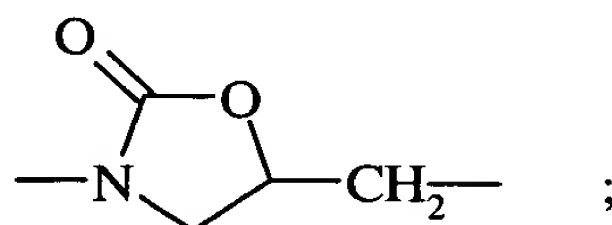
R<sub>16</sub>, R<sub>17</sub>, R<sub>16</sub>' and R<sub>17</sub>', which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen or an alkyl radical which is linear or branched and which comprises 1 to 4 carbon atoms;

R<sub>18</sub> and R<sub>19</sub>, which are different, independently are one hydrogen and the other an alkenyl radical comprising 2 to 6 carbon atoms;

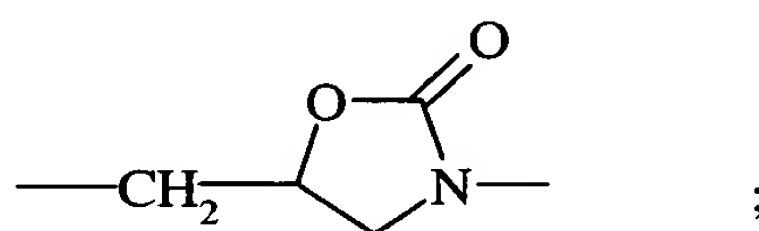
R<sub>18</sub>' and R<sub>19</sub>', which are different, independently are one hydrogen and the other an alkenyl radical comprising 2 to 6 carbon atoms;



T represents a carbamate function (-NH-CO-O-), a thiocarbamate function (-NH-CO-S-), a urea function (-NH-CO-NH-) or an oxazolidone function:



T', independent of T, represents a carbamate function (-O-CO-NH-), a thiocarbamate function (-S-CO-NH-), a urea function (-NH-CO-NH-) or an oxazolidone function:



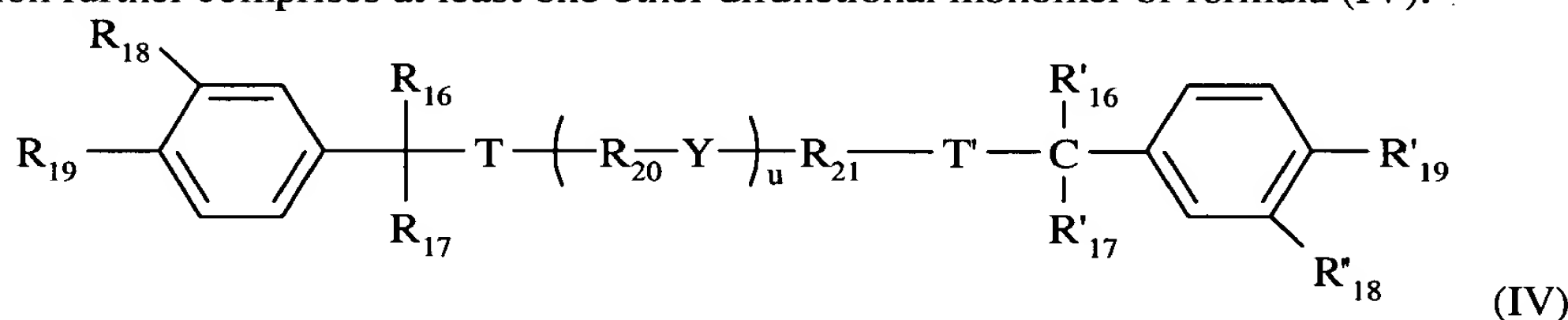
R<sub>21</sub> represents an alkylene radical, which is linear or branched and which comprises 2 to 4 carbon atoms;

R<sub>20</sub>, which is identical or different when u ≥ 2, is an alkylene radical which is linear or branched and which comprises 2 to 4 carbon atoms;

Y, which is identical or different when u ≥ 2, is oxygen or sulphur; and

u is an integer selected such that the total number of carbon atoms contained in the long chain situated between the two units T and T' is equal to at least 18.

11. (Previously Presented) The composition according to claim 4, wherein said composition further comprises at least one other difunctional monomer of formula (IV):



in which:

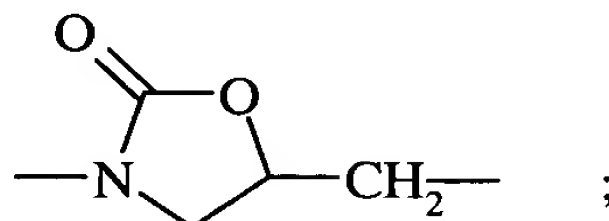
R<sub>16</sub>, R<sub>17</sub>, R<sub>16</sub>' and R<sub>17</sub>', which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen or an alkyl radical which is linear or branched and which comprises 1 to 4 carbon atoms;

R<sub>18</sub> and R<sub>19</sub>, which are different, independently are one hydrogen and the other an alkenyl radical comprising 2 to 6 carbon atoms;

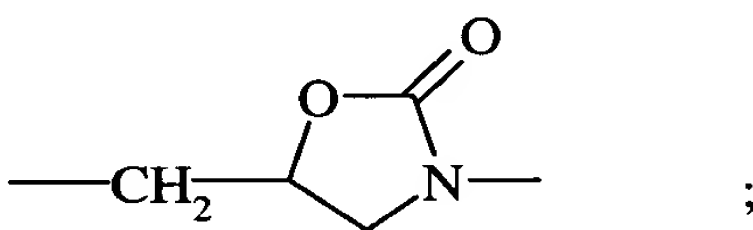
R<sub>18</sub>' and R<sub>19</sub>', which are different, independently are one hydrogen and the other an alkenyl radical comprising 2 to 6 carbon atoms;

T represents a carbamate function (-NH-CO-O-), a thiocarbamate function

(-NH-CO-S-), a urea function (-NH-CO-NH-) or an oxazolidone function:



T', independent of T, represents a carbamate function (-O-CO-NH-), a thiocarbamate function (-S-CO-NH-), a urea function (-NH-CO-NH-) or an oxazolidone function:



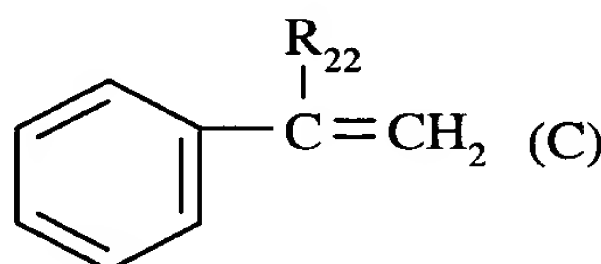
R<sub>21</sub> represents an alkylene radical, which is linear or branched and which comprises 2 to 4 carbon atoms;

R<sub>20</sub>, which is identical or different when u ≥ 2, is an alkylene radical which is linear or branched and which comprises 2 to 4 carbon atoms;

Y, which is identical or different when u ≥ 2, is oxygen or sulphur; and u is an integer selected such that the total number of carbon atoms contained in the long chain situated between the two units T and T' is equal to at least 18.

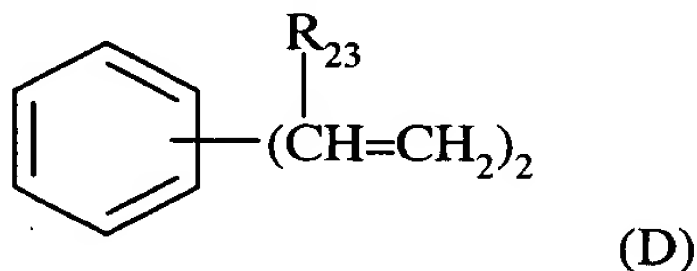
12. (Previously Presented) The composition according to claim 1, wherein said composition further comprises:

(I) at least one aromatic monovinyllic monomer of formula (C):



in which R<sub>22</sub> = H or CH<sub>3</sub>;

(II) at least one aromatic divinylic monomer of formula (D):



in which R<sub>23</sub> = H or CH<sub>3</sub>;

(III) at least one (meth)acrylic monomer of formula (E):



in which  $\text{R}_{24} = \text{H}$  or  $\text{CH}_3$  and  $\text{R}_{25}$  is a linear or branched alkyl radical having from 1 to 16 carbon atoms, an optionally substituted benzyl or phenoxy( $\text{C}_1\text{--C}_4$ )alkyl radical or a polyoxyethylene group of formula  $\text{--}(\text{CH}_2\text{--CH}_2\text{--O})_v\text{--R}_{26}$  in which  $v$  is an integer between 1 and 10 and  $\text{R}_{26} = \text{CH}_3$  or  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5$ ;

(IV) diallylphthalate;

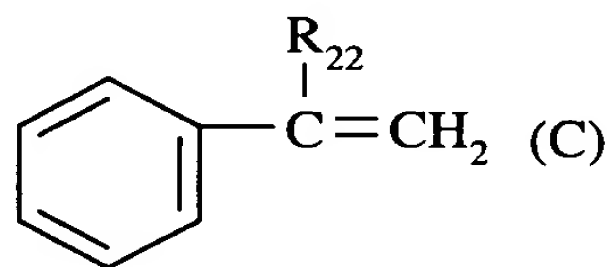
(V) at least one acrylic monomer having at least three reactive functions; or

(VI) combinations thereof.

13. (*Original*) The composition according to claim 12, wherein said at least one acrylic monomer having at least three reactive functions is selected from the group consisting of pentaerythritol triacrylate, pentaerythritol tetraacrylate, propoxylated glycerol triacrylate, trimethylolpropane triacrylate, polyurethane triacrylate, dipentaerythritol hexaacrylate, and combinations thereof.

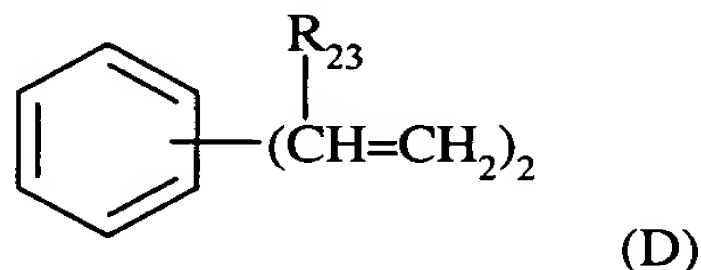
14. (*Previously Presented*) The composition according to claim 2, wherein said composition further comprises:

(I) at least one aromatic monovinyllic monomer of formula (C):



in which  $\text{R}_{22} = \text{H}$  or  $\text{CH}_3$ ;

(II) at least one aromatic divinylic monomer of formula (D):



in which  $\text{R}_{23} = \text{H}$  or  $\text{CH}_3$ ;

(III) at least one (meth)acrylic monomer of formula (E):



in which  $R_{24} = H$  or  $CH_3$  and  $R_{25}$  is a linear or branched alkyl radical having from 1 to 16 carbon atoms, an optionally substituted benzyl or phenoxy( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkyl radical or a polyoxyethylene group of formula  $-(CH_2-CH_2-O)_v-R_{26}$  in which  $v$  is an integer between 1 and 10 and  $R_{26} = CH_3$  or  $C_2H_5$ ;

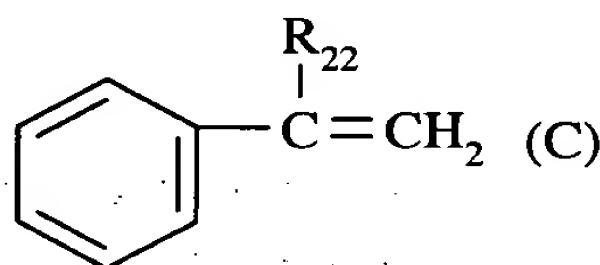
(IV) diallylphthalate;

(V) at least one acrylic monomer having at least three reactive functions; or

(VI) combinations thereof.

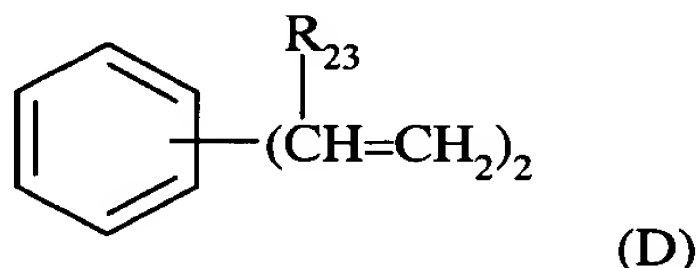
15. (*Previously Presented*) The composition according to claim 3, wherein said composition further comprises:

(I) at least one aromatic monovinyllic monomer of formula (C):



in which  $R_{22} = H$  or  $CH_3$ ;

(II) at least one aromatic divinylic monomer of formula (D):



in which  $R_{23} = H$  or  $CH_3$ ;

(III) at least one (meth)acrylic monomer of formula (E):



in which  $R_{24} = H$  or  $CH_3$  and  $R_{25}$  is a linear or branched alkyl radical having from 1 to 16 carbon atoms, an optionally substituted benzyl or phenoxy( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkyl radical or a polyoxyethylene group of formula  $-(CH_2-CH_2-O)_v-R_{26}$  in which  $v$  is an integer between 1 and 10 and  $R_{26} = CH_3$  or  $C_2H_5$ ;

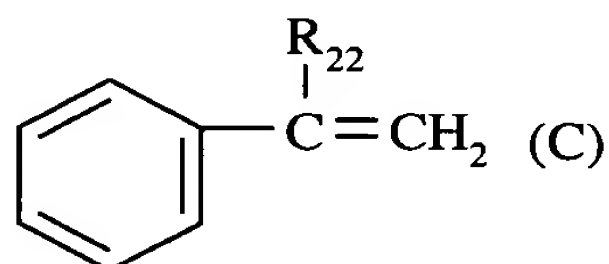
(IV) diallylphthalate;

(V) at least one acrylic monomer having at least three reactive functions; or

(VI) combinations thereof.

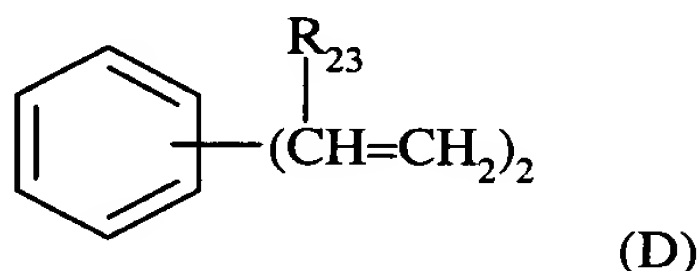
16. (*Previously Presented*) The composition according to claim 4, wherein said composition further comprises:

(I) at least one aromatic monovinyllic monomer of formula (C):



in which  $\text{R}_{22} = \text{H}$  or  $\text{CH}_3$ ;

(II) at least one aromatic divinylic monomer of formula (D):



in which  $\text{R}_{23} = \text{H}$  or  $\text{CH}_3$ ;

(III) at least one (meth)acrylic monomer of formula (E):



in which  $\text{R}_{24} = \text{H}$  or  $\text{CH}_3$  and  $\text{R}_{25}$  is a linear or branched alkyl radical having from 1 to 16 carbon atoms, an optionally substituted benzyl or phenoxy( $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_4$ )alkyl radical or a polyoxyethylene group of formula  $-(\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{O})_v-\text{R}_{26}$  in which  $v$  is an integer between 1 and 10 and  $\text{R}_{26} = \text{CH}_3$  or  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5$ ;

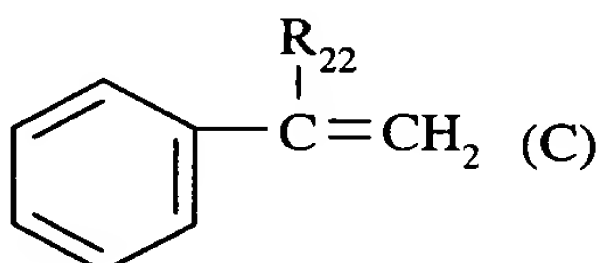
(IV) diallylphthalate;

(V) at least one acrylic monomer having at least three reactive functions; or

(VI) combinations thereof.

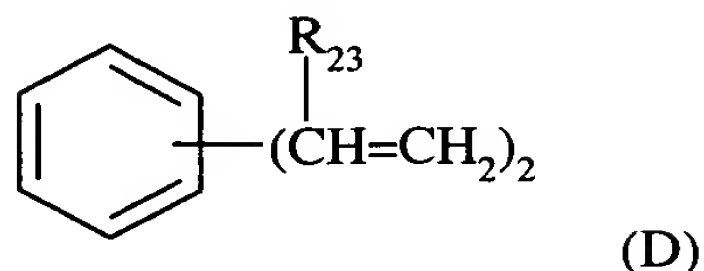
17. (*Previously Presented*) The composition according to claim 5, wherein said composition further comprises:

(I) at least one aromatic monovinyllic monomer of formula (C):



in which  $\text{R}_{22} = \text{H}$  or  $\text{CH}_3$ ;

(II) at least one aromatic divinyllic monomer of formula (D):



in which  $R_{23} = \text{H}$  or  $\text{CH}_3$ ;

(III) at least one (meth)acrylic monomer of formula (E):



in which  $R_{24} = \text{H}$  or  $\text{CH}_3$  and  $R_{25}$  is a linear or branched alkyl radical having from 1 to 16 carbon atoms, an optionally substituted benzyl or phenoxy( $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ )alkyl radical or a polyoxyethylene group of formula  $-(\text{CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-O})_v\text{-R}_{26}$  in which  $v$  is an integer between 1 and 10 and  $R_{26} = \text{CH}_3$  or  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5$ ;

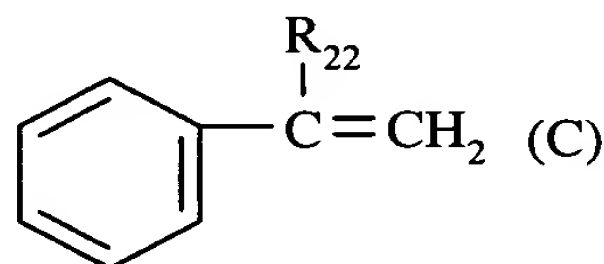
(IV) diallylphthalate;

(V) at least one acrylic monomer having at least three reactive functions; or

(VI) combinations thereof.

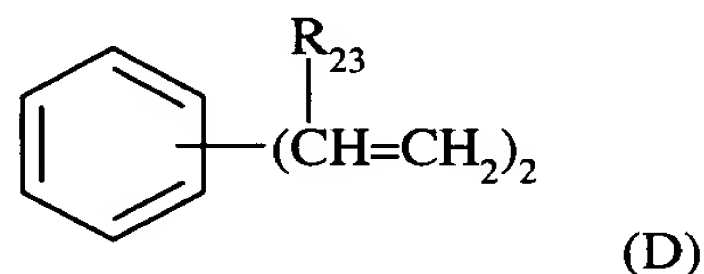
18. (*Previously Presented*) The composition according to claim 9, wherein said composition further comprises:

(I) at least one aromatic monovinyllic monomer of formula (C):



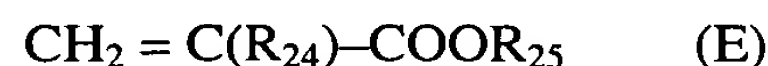
in which  $R_{22} = \text{H}$  or  $\text{CH}_3$ ;

(II) at least one aromatic divinyllic monomer of formula (D):



in which  $R_{23} = \text{H}$  or  $\text{CH}_3$ ;

(III) at least one (meth)acrylic monomer of formula (E):



in which  $R_{24} = H$  or  $CH_3$  and  $R_{25}$  is a linear or branched alkyl radical having from 1 to 16 carbon atoms, an optionally substituted benzyl or phenoxy( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkyl radical or a polyoxyethylene group of formula  $-(CH_2-CH_2-O)_v-R_{26}$  in which  $v$  is an integer between 1 and 10 and  $R_{26} = CH_3$  or  $C_2H_5$ ;

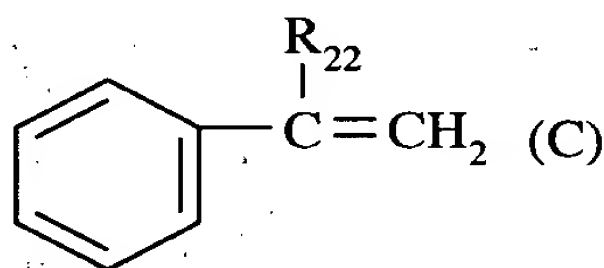
(IV) diallylphthalate;

(V) at least one acrylic monomer having at least three reactive functions; or

(VI) combinations thereof.

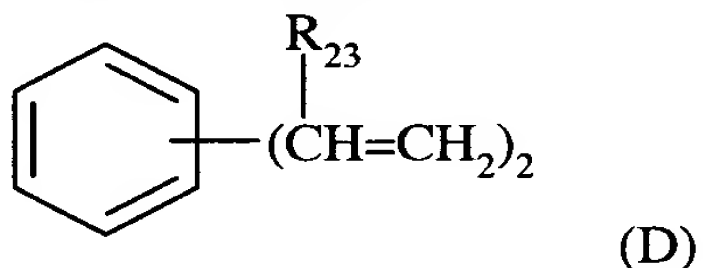
19. (*Previously Presented*) The composition according to claim 10, wherein said composition further comprises:

(I) at least one aromatic monovinyllic monomer of formula (C):



in which  $R_{22} = H$  or  $CH_3$ ;

(II) at least one aromatic divinyllic monomer of formula (D):



in which  $R_{23} = H$  or  $CH_3$ ;

(III) at least one (meth)acrylic monomer of formula (E):



in which  $R_{24} = H$  or  $CH_3$  and  $R_{25}$  is a linear or branched alkyl radical having from 1 to 16 carbon atoms, an optionally substituted benzyl or phenoxy( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkyl radical or a polyoxyethylene group of formula  $-(CH_2-CH_2-O)_v-R_{26}$  in which  $v$  is an integer between 1 and 10 and  $R_{26} = CH_3$  or  $C_2H_5$ ;

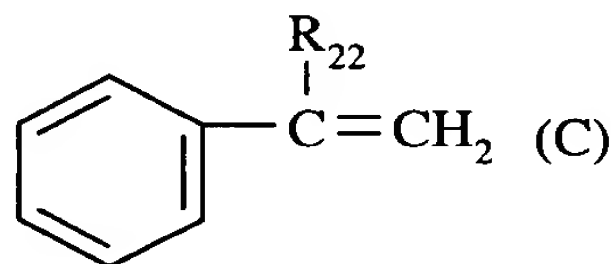
(IV) diallylphthalate;

(V) at least one acrylic monomer having at least three reactive functions; or

(VI) combinations thereof.

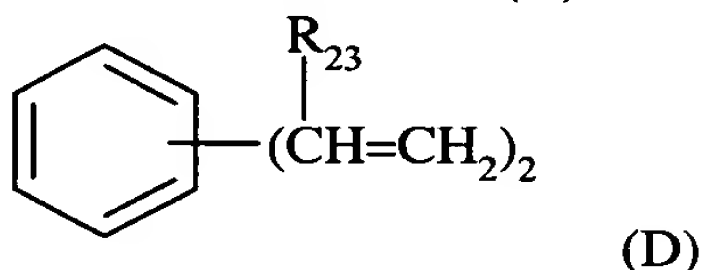
20. (*Previously Presented*) The composition according to claim 11, wherein said composition further comprises:

(I) at least one aromatic monovinyllic monomer of formula (C):



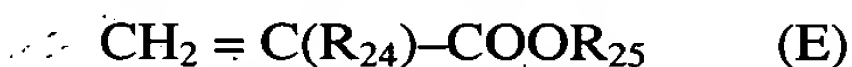
in which  $\text{R}_{22} = \text{H}$  or  $\text{CH}_3$ ;

(II) at least one aromatic divinylic monomer of formula (D):



in which  $\text{R}_{23} = \text{H}$  or  $\text{CH}_3$ ;

(III) at least one (meth)acrylic monomer of formula (E):



in which  $\text{R}_{24} = \text{H}$  or  $\text{CH}_3$  and  $\text{R}_{25}$  is a linear or branched alkyl radical having from 1 to 16 carbon atoms, an optionally substituted benzyl or phenoxy( $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_4$ )alkyl radical or a polyoxyethylene group of formula  $-(\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{O})_v-\text{R}_{26}$  in which  $v$  is an integer between 1 and 10 and  $\text{R}_{26} = \text{CH}_3$  or  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5$ ;

(IV) diallylphthalate;

(V) at least one acrylic monomer having at least three reactive functions; or

(VI) combinations thereof.

21. (*Original*) The composition according to claim 1, wherein said composition further comprises an effective amount of at least one photochromic colorant which confers photochromic properties to said composition.

22. (*Original*) The composition according to claim 21, wherein said at least one photochromic colorant is selected from the group consisting of spiroxazines, spiropyrans, chromenes, fulgides, fulgimides, and combinations thereof.



23. *(Original)* The composition according to claim 2, wherein said composition further comprises an effective amount of at least one photochromic colorant which confers photochromic properties to said composition.

24. *(Original)* The composition according to claim 3, wherein said composition further comprises an effective amount of at least one photochromic colorant which confers photochromic properties to said composition.

25. *(Original)* The composition according to claim 5, wherein said composition further comprises an effective amount of at least one photochromic colorant which confers photochromic properties to said composition.

26. *(Original)* The composition according to claim 12, wherein said composition further comprises an effective amount of at least one photochromic colorant which confers photochromic properties to said composition.

27. *(Original)* A resin obtainable by radical copolymerisation of a polymerisable composition according to claim 1.

28. *(Original)* A resin obtainable by radical copolymerisation of a polymerisable composition according to claim 2.

29. *(Original)* A resin obtainable by radical copolymerisation of a polymerisable composition according to claim 3.

30. *(Original)* A resin obtainable by radical copolymerisation of a polymerisable composition according to claim 5.

31. *(Original)* A resin obtainable by radical copolymerisation of a polymerisable composition according to claim 12.

32. *(Original)* A resin obtainable by radical copolymerisation of a polymerisable composition according to claim 21.

33. *(Original)* An article which comprises a resin according to claim 27.

34. *(Previously Presented)* An article according to claim 33, wherein said article is an ophthalmic article.

35. *(Original)* An article which comprises a resin according to claim 28.

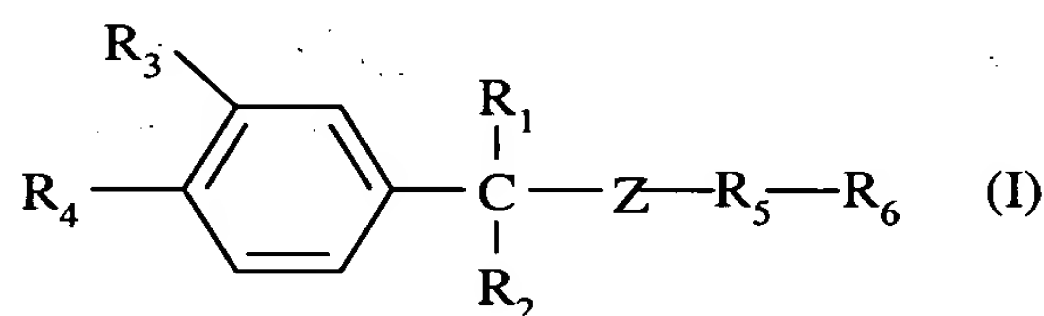
36. *(Original)* An article which comprises a resin according to claim 29.

37. *(Original)* An article which comprises a resin according to claim 30.

38. *(Original)* An article which comprises a resin according to claim 31.

39. *(Original)* An article which comprises a resin according to claim 32.

40. *(Previously Presented)* A monofunctional monomer having the formula (I) below:



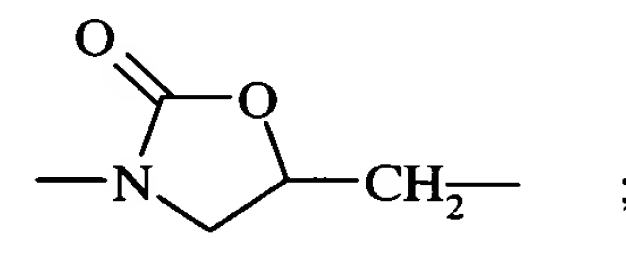
in which:

R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub>, which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen or an alkyl radical which is linear or branched and comprises 1 to 4 carbon atoms;

R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub>, which are different, independently are one hydrogen and the other an alkenyl radical comprising 2 to 6 carbon atoms;

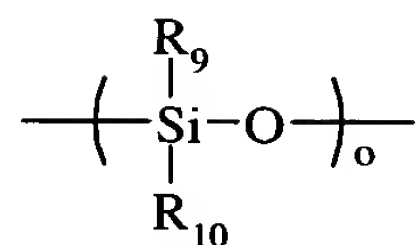
Z represents a carbamate function (-NH-CO-O-), a thiocarbamate function

(-NH-CO-S-), a urea function (-NH-CO-NR<sub>7</sub>-), where R<sub>7</sub> represents a hydrogen or a linear, branched or cyclic alkyl group which comprises 1 to 6 carbon atoms) or an oxazolidone function:



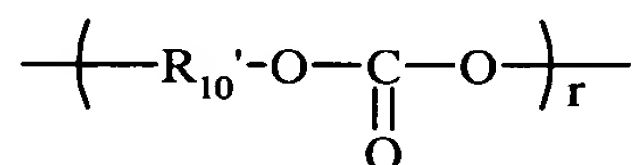
R<sub>5</sub> is selected from the group consisting of:

(A) siloxane radicals and polysiloxane chains of formula



in which the  $\text{R}_9$  and  $\text{R}_{10}$  groups, which are independently identical or different when  $o \geq 2$ , are alkyl radicals which comprise 1 or 2 carbon atoms, and  $o$  is an integer between 1 and 18; and

(B) carbonate radicals and polycarbonate chains of formula



in which the  $\text{R}_{10}'$  groups, which are identical or different when  $r \geq 2$ , are alkylene radicals which are linear or branched and which comprise 1 to 5 carbon atoms, and  $r$  is an integer between 1 and 21; and

$\text{R}_6$  is an alkyl radical or an aryl radical.

41. (*Original*) The monomer according to claim 40, wherein  $\text{R}_3$  is an isopropenyl radical.
42. (*Original*) A polymerisable composition comprising a monomer according to claim 40.
43. (*Original*) A resin obtainable by radical polymerisation of a polymerisable composition according to claim 42.
44. (*Original*) An article which comprises a resin according to claim 43.
45. (*Original*) An article according to claim 44, wherein said article is an ophthalmic article.